

## THIS ELECTION DAY.

SOVEREIGN PEOPLE TO NAME OFFICERS AND LAW-MAKERS.

VOTE BIDS FAIR TO BE SMALL.

The Campaign an Uninteresting One, and Much Apathy Exists Throughout the State—Necessity for Democrats to Turn Out in Full Force.

The campaign of 1897 is at an end, and to-day the voters of Virginia will perform the important duty of selecting the Governor who is to preside over the destinies of this Commonwealth for the next four years; a Lieutenant-Governor, an Attorney-General, twenty members of the State Senate, and the one hundred members of the House of Delegates.

So far as the State ticket is concerned, all question as to the outcome has been removed, if it ever existed, and even his opponents concede the election of Major Tyler, the Democratic nominee, and his running mates, Montague and Echols, by very large pluralities. With the legislative ticket, however, it is somewhat different, though a majority in both branches is also conceded by the opposition. There are some sixty or more opposition candidates for the Legislature, but only about thirty-five of the contests really amount to much.

Notwithstanding this opposition for seats in the halls of legislation, many Democrats will stay away from the polls to-day, and the vote throughout the State will be a small one. The campaign has been the slowest and most uninteresting in Virginia since the war. The cause of this does not lie with the candidates, for all of those nominated on the Democratic ticket are men of great popularity, but the apathetic condition of the voters can be traced directly to the fact that no opposition worthy of serious mention has developed to the State ticket. The cause of this is the fact that the Democratic ticket has been the slowest and most uninteresting in Virginia since the war. The cause of this does not lie with the candidates, for all of those nominated on the Democratic ticket are men of great popularity, but the apathetic condition of the voters can be traced directly to the fact that no opposition worthy of serious mention has developed to the State ticket.

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insulting note handed by a negro to a respectable young white lady while at the post-office. She did not open the note until she reached home, and then promptly showed it to her brother, who, armed himself and notified the neighbors, went to the post-office to deal summary punishment. The rascal, however, had been spirited away by his friends, and was not caught. The whites, disappointed at not finding him, turned their attention to other of the races who have a small settlement on the edge of the town.

## FOOT-BALL PLAYER DIES.

The Student Injured in the Atlanta Game Succumbs.

An Atlanta special of Sunday was as follows: The modern game of foot-ball has claimed another victim, Richard Von Gammon, who died at 3:45 o'clock this morning of concussion of the brain, induced by injuries received in yesterday afternoon's game between the teams of the University of Virginia and the University of Georgia, on which latter team he was full-back.

Gammon was but 18 years old, a member of a prominent family at Rome, Ga., and one of the best and most popular students at the Georgia University. The accident occurred in the second half, while the game was at its most exciting point. The scrimmage was one of the most desperate of the game, and when Gammon tackled and was thrown to the ground there was a fearful collision of all the players. The men tumbled on top of each other, and many were buried under the weight of the heavy men, who leaped and tripped on top of the first men to fall.

When the whistle sounded the players quickly arose, and all save young Gammon resumed their places. Georgia's full-back remained outstretched on the field, and he failed to move when the men got up off him.

Friends quickly ran to his assistance and asked him if he was hurt. He could only mumble unintelligible words, and the spongers and watermen quickly began work. Every restorative at hand was applied, but it was of no use. Gammon lay motionless, stunned, bleeding, and slowly losing consciousness.

The Grady Hospital ambulance was summoned, and Gammon taken there, where he remained unconscious until his death occurred, at 3:45 A. M. It is not known if an inquest will be held, but it is improbable that any of the players will be held responsible.

The present season is the second in which Gammon has been a member of a university foot-ball team. He was one of the strong men of the team last year, and during the season he made many brilliant marks on the field. He was also a member of the base-ball team. He played third base, and was one of the finest men in that position among the southern universities. He has been a leader in athletics in the university, and he was a strong and well-developed man. He was known as one of the reliable men of the team, and could always be counted on to do his part in whatever was undertaken.

The Georgia team has cancelled its engagements, and Chancellor Boggs declares it will abandon that form of sport.

**KNEEL OF GAME IN GEORGIA.**  
ATLANTA, GA., November 1.—(Special.) The kneel of the modern game of foot-ball in this State has been sounded. Following the tragic death of 18-year-old Richard Gammon from injuries sustained in the game of Saturday a storm of public sentiment has swept over the entire State, demanding the immediate and absolute abolition of the brutal sport. There is an anti-foot-ball ordinance now before the Georgia House of Representatives, and one of like character was introduced into the Senate this morning.

Make the kicking of the game a misdemeanor, the penalty for which is a heavy fine, or imprisonment for one year. Nearly all of the legislators expressed themselves as firmly opposed to the existence of the game, and many voted for the measures now before them. A very few were in favor of simply eliminating the more savage and dangerous portions of the game, but they will cut no figure in the final round-up.

**GEORGIA TEAM DISBANDED.**  
The University of Georgia team, of which Gammon was a member, this morning disbanded, and that institution will have to prohibit the game, unless it wants to forfeit the aid from the State. The legislators have no expressed themselves, and will voluntarily adopt prohibitive measures.

Gammon's classmates this morning passed resolutions of condolence with his family, and expressed their abhorrence of the game.

**The Washington and Lee Team Did Not Show Up.**  
NASHVILLE, TENN., November 1.—(Special.)—In spite of a steady and chilling rain that has prevailed here to-day, a very good crowd collected at the stadium, and the Virginia boys are scheduled to witness the foot-ball game between Vanderbilt and Washington and Lee, but they were not paid for the game, and the Virginia team did not put in its appearance, for some reason that has not yet been explained. The visitors were expected to arrive in the afternoon, but neither they nor early in the afternoon did they come. The last heard of the eleven was through the papers after the game at Lexington, Ky.

The Vanderbilt team was on the field at the appointed time, in hopes that the other eleven might arrive at the last minute. The Virginia boys are scheduled to play Kentucky State College to-morrow.

**Kenmore, 4; Lynchburg, 0.**  
In a closely-contested game of foot-ball on Kenmore's grounds Saturday, Kenmore defeated the Lynchburg Athletics by a score of 4 to 0.

Democrats, vote to-day, because it is your duty to do so, and because it is wise to keep in practice. This advice applies as well to citizens of Richmond (where our legislative ticket has no opposition) as to Henrico, Manchester, and Chesterfield, and other communities, where the election of our nominees is contested.

**Challenge to "Tut" Ryan.**  
ST. LOUIS, MO., November 1.—Parson Davies has issued the following challenge to "Tut" Ryan, of Australia, in behalf of Joe Choynski, pugilist, to fight at Queensbury, N. Y., on December 8th.

Learning that "Tut" Ryan, the champion Australian heavy-weight pugilist, is desirous of arranging a match with any of the heavy-weight pugilists in this country, I will match Joe Choynski, of San Francisco, against him for a limited round, the contest to take place on or about December 8th.

Choynski has signed with a Chicago club to fight Maher, or Goddard. The club will give the boxers 50 per cent. of the gross gate receipts.

**Federal Receipts and Expenditures.**  
WASHINGTON, November 1.—The comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the United States for the month of October was \$21,391,415, and the expenditures \$22,702,122, making the excess of expenditure \$1,310,707, and for the four months of the present fiscal year \$3,809,010.

The receipts from customs during October were \$1,105,000 for October, 1897, and the receipts from internal revenue sources \$1,694,000, a gain of \$589,750 over October last year.

Yod cannot do better than to buy your Yod from S. J. Yod, as he has no other use in Richmond has a stock as complete as ours.

**TEMPLE PEMBERTON, COORDINATOR & CO.**

## DR. SMITH IS CALLED

TENDERED THE PASTORATE OF THE SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH.

NO DOUBT OF HIS COMING.

Expected to Enter Upon His Work Not Later Than January Next—The First Choice for Dr. Landrum's Successor—Sketch of His Work.

Rev. Dr. W. R. L. Smith, pastor of the Third Baptist church, of St. Louis, was on Sunday extended a call to the pastorate of the Second Baptist church of this city, which has been vacant since the resignation of Dr. Landrum, more than a year ago.

This action of the church was taken by a unanimous rising vote at a congregational meeting held after the morning service. There was great rejoicing when the Nominating Committee presented the name of Dr. Smith, and a more hearty call than was voted him could not be

made. The year following served as missionary of the Rehoboth Association at a salary of \$120.

His first pastorate began January, 1874, in the Palmetto-Street church, Mobile, Ala. This was resigned the September following, in order to take the course in the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, then at Greenville, S. C., from which he graduated in May, 1878.

Immediately afterward he assumed the charge of the First church, Lynchburg, Va., to which he had been called while supplying its pulpit the summer before. During a pastorate of nearly twelve years phenomenal success attended his ministry. A beautiful house of worship was erected, costing \$75,000, and 1,049 members were added to the church.

**NASHVILLE AND ST. LOUIS.**  
In January, 1880, Dr. Smith became pastor of the First Baptist church of Nashville, Tenn., where he spent nearly three years. He was made by the Southern Baptist Convention the first president of the new Sunday-School board, located in that city.

In October, 1882, Dr. Smith received and accepted a call to the Third Baptist church of St. Louis, Mo., which is the largest and most influential Baptist church in the State. This pastorate has been greatly blessed, the baptisms averaging one for every Sunday in the past five years. The total number of members added is 620. Richmond College conferred



REV. DR. W. R. L. SMITH.  
The Brilliant St. Louis Minister Who Is to Become the Second Baptist Church's Pastor.

extended by our church. Hon. J. Taylor Elyson was directed to communicate the action of the church to the St. Louis minister and request a reply at as early a date as possible.

There is practically no doubt about Dr. Smith's coming to Richmond. When the church thought of calling him a year ago he did not feel that he could leave his work in St. Louis, but he and his wife are both inclined now to return to Virginia. He is expected to enter upon his pastorate here January 1st, if not sooner.

**HIS NAME PRESENTED.**  
The congregational meeting at which the call was extended was a very large one. It was known that the Nominating Committee would report, and its recommendation was awaited with interest. Chairman J. Taylor Elyson, on behalf of the committee, nominated Dr. Smith, of whom he spoke in the highest terms. He reviewed the minister's work, and said as one who knew him well he could recommend him to the church with his whole heart.

The nomination was seconded by Mr. W. B. Freeman, who was for a period of twelve years a member of a congregation over which Dr. Smith presided. Mr. Freeman, in addition to giving his entire endorsement to everything that Mr. Elyson had said of the St. Louis pastor, told the meeting much that was highly interesting concerning the capabilities of Dr. Smith. He detailed his own personal experience with the chosen preacher, and paid a glowing tribute to him.

The church extended the call by a unanimous rising vote.

**TURNED TO DR. SMITH.**  
It is an open secret that when the public and beloved Dr. Landrum made his irrevocable decision to go to Atlanta, the hearts of the Second church people turned first and almost instinctively to Dr. Smith, and informal communication was had with the St. Louis divine touching this subject, but the situation was not then promising, and the matter was dropped. The reason for the preference for Dr. Smith which was then manifested is to be found in the fact that in temperament and disposition the incoming pastor strikingly resembles the outgoing Dr. Smith is one of the most genial and companionable of men, cheerful and affectionate, both in disposition and manner. He is a man of striking presence, with good voice, simple and graceful pulpit manners, and a pleasing and ready platform speaker. He is regarded by those who know him as one of the ablest and most entertaining exponents of the Scripture among the southern Baptist ministry. In Lynchburg his popularity extended far beyond the limits of his own religious connection. His warm heart, his cultivated mind, his fraternal manner made for him friends of the entire community.

Dr. Smith has been married twice. His first wife was a daughter of Professor Charles E. Cooke, pastor of the First Baptist church of Lynchburg. His second wife was a Miss Bowman, daughter of Mr. N. R. Bowman, of Lynchburg, who, with his four children, will come to Richmond with him.

Not many years ago, while Dr. Smith was located in Lynchburg, he conducted a memorably fine series of meetings with Rev. Dr. W. E. Hatcher at the Grace-Street Baptist church, and yesterday, at the meeting of the Baptist Ministers' Conference, Dr. Hatcher was requested to write to Dr. Smith, sending him the most cordial greetings of the conference, and expressing their earnest wish and hope that he may see his way to the acceptance of this call.

**A NATIVE OF GEORGIA.**  
Rev. Dr. W. R. L. Smith, D. D., was born in Gordon county, Ga., July 13, 1846. He made a profession of faith and united with the church in the same county in 1867. He graduated from Cumberland University, Lebanon, Tenn., in June, 1871, and after teaching one year at Mount Vernon, Franklin county, Tex., he was ordained to the ministry in December,

1872, and the year following served as missionary of the Rehoboth Association at a salary of \$120.

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the degree of Doctor of Divinity on Dr. Smith in 1886.

It will be a heavy blow to the church of which Dr. Smith is the much beloved pastor at St. Louis to lose such a loving, successful, and gifted leader, but their loss will only mean that Richmond will gain one of the brightest lights and one of the foremost preachers in the great denomination which he represents.

**SECOND CHURCH AND ITS PASTORS.**  
The Second church is one of the oldest, largest, and wealthiest churches of the Baptist denomination in Virginia. It stands upon a most commanding site at the southwest corner of Sixth and Main streets, and has recently undergone thorough repairs and remodeling as to its interior. Both the main auditorium of the church and the Sunday-school room have been overhauled, rearranged, recarpeted, refurnished, and freed, and otherwise fixed up anew. The main body of the edifice has been fitted out with opera chairs, circularly arranged, new gasolene and furniture adorn the pulpit, while the walls and ceiling have been done up in beautiful light shades to correspond with the panel-work furniture.

This church, which is now between fifty and eighty years old, is one of the most massive and lofty buildings in the city. Within its holy walls have been heard some of the greatest preachers Virginia has ever produced. Among its pastors have been the learned Dr. James B. Taylor, Dr. L. W. Seelye, Dr. R. B. C. Howell, Dr. E. L. Magoon, Dr. J. A. Chambers, Dr. Henry McDonald, and Dr. William W. Landrum.

**CONGRESSIONAL LIBRARY OPENED.**  
All But Two of the Departments Ready for Use.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 1.—The new Congressional Library, which has been in the course of construction for the past six years, was opened to the public to-night. There were no ceremonies of any kind. All the departments, with the exception of those devoted to the fine arts and music, are ready for public use.

The automatic arrangements for the delivery and return of books worked satisfactorily.

About 250,000 volumes are now on the shelves of the library, many of the books not having as yet been removed from the Capitol building, in which the old library was located.

**WHITEWAY MINISTRY DEFEATED.**  
The Newfoundland Premier Beaten in Trinity District.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., November 1.—The Whiteway ministry has been defeated in the general legislative election, and will probably resign by the end of the month. At the time this dispatch is sent this evening the full returns have not yet been received, but there is no doubt that the opposition has secured nineteen of the thirty-six seats.

Sir William Whiteway, the Premier, has been beaten by 823 votes in the Trinity district, which was furnished the great surprise of the campaign.

**Silver Hope in Germany.**  
The Right Hon. Leonard Henry Courtney, member of Parliament for the Bodmin Division of Cornwall, speaking at Cornwall Friday, expressed regret over the answer of the Indian Government on the bimetallic question. He said, however, he saw one gleam of hope in Germany.

He understood that of hope in the fact that India would not repudiate her mints.

**The Latest.**  
Russian Blouses in cloth, velvet, and velveteen; braided and plain. See our stock of them.

**TEMPLE PEMBERTON, COORDINATOR & CO.**

## FIRST TO OPPOSE IT.

PICKETT CAMP DISCUSSES THE GINTER MEMORIAL MOVEMENT.

CRITICISE THE SONS OF VETERANS.

Col. Northern Accuses Members of Revealing Camp-Fire Secrets—The Closure to Be Enforced—Reports Received from the Grand Camp.

The weekly meeting of Pickett Camp, held last night, did not attract the usual quota of members. This was ascribed partly to the inclemency of the weather and partly to the uncongenial surroundings, for the complaints against the present meeting place become more and more vigorous.

The gallant little band that braved the elements were intent on business, and the session was one of the liveliest and most interesting held by the camp for many weeks. Lieutenant-Commander Gibbs presided in the absence of Commander Woody.

The first ripple in the usually placid waters of the camp's routine occurred when the circular letter from the Citizens' Committee inviting the camp to send representatives to confer with the joint committee as to the best means to raise funds to carry out the projected Ginter memorial was read. The suggestion met with decided opposition, and Mr. W. H. Beveridge made a vigorous speech against it, declaring that the camp could not afford to subscribe, and should not, for that reason alone, take part in the movement. While he respected the good that Major Ginter had done to the city, he did not think it within the province of a camp of Confederate veterans to depart from the lines laid down in their constitution to erect monuments to private citizens or even public benefactors. The Chamber of Commerce and the Young Men's Business Association were the head of this movement, he declared, as the latter had been the one to propose that the Grand Army of the Republic should be invited to Richmond, and he opposed any coalition with those bodies. He moved to lay the letter on the table.

Colonel Northern made an earnest plea that the camp should not ignore the request. It did not mean that they would be expected to contribute, and it would be a very serious reflection on the camp if they held aloof in this matter. He moved to amend the resolution, that a committee of five should be appointed. This amendment was carried, but there were several abstainers, and when the committee was named Messrs. Hazlewood, Leehr, and Gill declined to serve, giving as their reason that they were not in sympathy with the resolution. The committee was subsequently named as follows: Comrades—Colonel Maury, Commander W. T. Woody, S. Gates, W. Ben Palmer, and E. P. Reese.

**A MONUMENT TO JACKSON.**  
A communication was read from John Bowie Strange Camp, of Charlottesville, asking the assistance of the camp to wards the erection of a monument at the University of Virginia to Stonewall Jackson. This request met with a hearty reception, and the following gentlemen were appointed to solicit subscriptions: Comrades—Beveridge, Northern, Bass, Rodwood, and Richmond.

Several members were reported as incapacitated for work through sickness, and in the case of Comrade Hobson the camp voted the sum of \$7.75 from the relief fund.

The committee on Hall reported that they were negotiating for the second-story room in their old building, on Fifth street. The floor is now used as a store-room for carriages, and these may be moved to the top floor. The report was to be able to report that the resolution introduced at Winchester by a delegation from Pickett Camp, animating the members of camps by virtue of small offices and the camp without a single dissenting vote. Their delegation, he said, had done much valuable work on the floor of the camp, and in this connection the name of Dr. Thomas E. Stratton was mentioned.

Comrade Hazlewood submitted a report from the History Committee, in which he stated that a great advance had been made, and Mr. Beveridge reported for the delegation to the United Confederate Veterans.

Mr. S. R. Gates reported on behalf of the members of the Entertainment Committee. The banquet on the second night of the camp, which was so successful, and then he criticised the Sons of Veterans, who, he said, had failed in their undertaking to entertain the sponsors. He went on to speak of the young ladies, and the ladies the young attention as he thought they should have done.

Dr. Stratton suggested that the night of meeting should be changed from Monday, as the attendance appeared to give small, and smaller, each week. This was opposed, and in the discussion which followed, to the fact that the meeting place was not congenial, and no action was taken.

**DOWN ON TALE-BEARING.**  
Colonel Northern disturbed the serenity of the camp by rising to a point of personal privilege, and maintaining that some members of the camp had been guilty of tale-bearing, and that without such a strict regard for the truth, and in defiance of a resolution recently adopted that no conversation or debate that transpired at the weekly camp-fire should be carried outside the hall. He had made a statement a week or so ago to the camp that the United Confederate Veterans' side show, an unnecessary expense, and of no practical good. He was prepared to stand by this statement, but some member or members of the camp had gone to Major-General Brander and stated that he had been very personal in his remarks, which was untrue. Two or three times tales had been carried to Major Randolph that he had been criticised and that attacks had been made on Lee Camp. On another occasion it had been said that he preferred charges against Comrade Reese. All these reports, he said, were grossly exaggerated, and he hoped members would be more careful in future.

The Commander reminded the camp of the resolution not to make public what transpired in the camp, and said he hoped no further mischief would be done. Professor J. P. Moore was unanimously elected contributing member, without dues, of the camp, and the body adjourned after revising the by-laws in so far as they relate to the election of honorary members.

**THE CONSECRATION TO-MORROW.**  
Bishops Who Are to Take Part to Arrive To-Day—Some Details.

All arrangements for the consecration of Rev. Dr. Gibson at the Church of the Holy Trinity to-morrow are complete. The distinguished clergies who are to take part in the service are expected to arrive here to-day.

The clergy and the members of the standing committee will report at the consecration of Rev. Dr. Gibson, rector of Holy Trinity church, No. 81 Park avenue, upon their arrival, when they will be assigned to homes provided for them, and

will also be given cards of admission to the church.

To-morrow morning the vestries of Henrico parish, the members of the standing committee, and all the clergy will meet in the Sunday-school-room of Holy Trinity church at 10:30 o'clock.

The church doors will be open at 10:30 A. M., and those who are entitled to admission will be shown to their seats by the ushers.

**UNION PACIFIC ROAD SOLD.**  
Reorganization Committee the Purchasers, at \$53,525,532.76.

OMAHA, NEB., November 1.—The Union Pacific road proper, including the buildings and all that goes to operate the system, was this morning sold to the Reorganization Committee for \$53,525,532.76. This amount does not include the sinking fund in the hands of the government, and taking this to \$14,000,000, the amount stated in the government decree covering the sale of the road, the total paid for the property was \$67,525,532.76.

There were no other bidders, and the road went to the Reorganization Committee without opposition.

The sale of the road was in itself one of the most interesting and most uninteresting performances possible to imagine. The crowd, which was not over 600, all told, was packed so closely around the doorway and up in front of the centre of the building that the members of the Reorganization Committee, the men who came out to buy the road, were unable to hear a word of what was going on.

Under the terms of sale, the purchasers have ninety days in which to pay over the full amount of the purchase money, and that part of the transaction will be carried out in New York in the month of December. The sinking fund of the road and the amount of the guarantee check put up by the Reorganization Committee. This is just about 10 per cent. of the full purchase price of the road. To-morrow, at the same time and at the same place that the sale to-day was held, another sale will be held under the foreclosure of the trust deed securing the construction bonds, which constitute the first lien on the road.

**NORFOLK CONSPIRACY CASE.**  
One of the Men Turns State's Evidence—A Sensation.

NORFOLK, VA., November 1.—(Special.)—The celebrated Hall-Smith-Cannon conspiracy case came up to-day on an appeal from the decision of Police Justice Tomlin, who had found the defendants—E. Guy Hall, William Smith, and Joseph Cannon—\$50 each and gave them six months' imprisonment for conspiring against Mrs. Lillian Gail Cannon, wife of Joseph Cannon, in order to manufacture evidence to be used in a divorce case. A sensation almost as profound as the first announcement of the arrest of the men was caused by the statement of Mr. Thomas R. Borland, attorney for William Smith, that his client had decided to turn State's evidence and tell all he knew about the case. He was placed on the stand after all the other testimony was in, and he told a story of a shockingly cold-blooded plan to deprive the wife of her good name in order that her husband might be freed. He testified that the bargain between Cannon and the other two conspirators was that